

2019 年度 微積分 II 出席カード兼小テスト No. 6

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1 次の問い合わせに答えよ.

(1) $g(t)$ を C^2 級の 1 変数関数とし, $f(x, y) = g(x^2 + y^2)$ とするとき,

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}(x, y) + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2}(x, y) = 4g'(x^2 + y^2) + 4(x^2 + y^2)g''(x^2 + y^2)$$

が成り立つことを示せ.

(2) $f(x, y) = xe^y$, $g(r, \theta) = f(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta)$ とするとき, $\frac{\partial g}{\partial r}(r, \theta)$ および $\frac{\partial g}{\partial \theta}(r, \theta)$ を求めよ.

(解) (1) 合成関数の微分公式により

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x, y) &= 2xg'(x^2 + y^2), & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}(x, y) &= 2g'(x^2 + y^2) + 4x^2g''(x^2 + y^2), \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x, y) &= 2yg'(x^2 + y^2), & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2}(x, y) &= 2g'(x^2 + y^2) + 4y^2g''(x^2 + y^2) \end{aligned}$$

が得られ,

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}(x, y) + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2}(x, y) = 4g'(x^2 + y^2) + 4(x^2 + y^2)g''(x^2 + y^2)$$

となる. (2) $g(r, \theta) = r e^{r \sin \theta} \cos \theta$ と表されるので,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial g}{\partial r}(r, \theta) &= e^{r \sin \theta} \cos \theta + r e^{r \sin \theta} \sin \theta \cos \theta = e^{r \sin \theta} \cos \theta (1 + r \sin \theta), \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial \theta}(r, \theta) &= r^2 e^{r \sin \theta} \cos^2 \theta - r e^{r \sin \theta} \sin \theta = r e^{r \sin \theta} (r \cos^2 \theta - \sin \theta) \end{aligned}$$

が得られる. また, $g(r, \theta)$ を実際に求めずに, 合成関数の微分法を用いると,

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{\partial g}{\partial r}(r, \theta), \frac{\partial g}{\partial \theta}(r, \theta) \right) &= \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta), \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(r \cos \theta, r \sin \theta) \right) \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial x}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta} \\ \frac{\partial y}{\partial r} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \theta} \end{pmatrix} \\ &= (e^{r \cos \theta}, r \cos \theta e^{r \sin \theta}) \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -r \sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & r \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \\ &= (e^{r \sin \theta} \cos \theta (1 + r \sin \theta), r e^{r \sin \theta} (r \cos^2 \theta - \sin \theta)) \end{aligned}$$

のようにも計算できる. ■