

# 2019 年度 微積分 II 出席カード兼小テスト No. 5

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1 関数  $f(x, y) = \log(3 + x^2 y^4)$  の 1 階偏導関数および 2 階偏導関数をすべて求めよ.

(解) 商の微分公式により

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x, y) &= \frac{2xy^4}{3+x^2y^4}, & \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x, y) &= \frac{4x^2y^3}{3+x^2y^4}, \\ \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2}(x, y) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x, y) \right) \\ &= \frac{(2y^4) \cdot (3+x^2y^4) - (2xy^4) \cdot (2xy^4)}{(3+x^2y^4)^2} = \frac{2y^4(3-x^2y^4)}{(3+x^2y^4)^2}, \\ \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y \partial x}(x, y) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x}(x, y) \right) \\ &= \frac{(8xy^3) \cdot (3+x^2y^4) - (2xy^4) \cdot (4x^2y^3)}{(3+x^2y^4)^2} = \frac{24xy^3}{(3+x^2y^4)^2}, \\ \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y}(x, y) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x, y) \right) \\ &= \frac{(8xy^3) \cdot (3+x^2y^4) - (4x^2y^3) \cdot (2xy^4)}{(3+x^2y^4)^2} = \frac{24xy^3}{(3+x^2y^4)^2}, \\ \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2}(x, y) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}(x, y) \right) \\ &= \frac{(12x^2y^2) \cdot (3+x^2y^4) - (4x^2y^3) \cdot (4x^2y^3)}{(3+x^2y^4)^2} = \frac{4x^2y^2(9-x^2y^4)}{(3+x^2y^4)^2} \end{aligned}$$

となる. ■